

Quick Facts About Giant Cell Arteritis

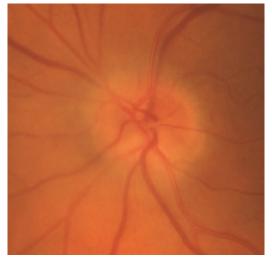
What Is Giant Cell Arteritis?

- Giant cell arteritis (GCA), also known as temporal arteritis, is a disease of inflamed blood vessels in the body (vasculitis).
- GCA primarily affects older people, typically around the age of 70. It is extremely rare in people younger than 50.
- The cause of GCA is unknown. It is thought to be an autoimmune disease, meaning the inflammation is caused by the body's own immune system.

How Can Giant Cell Arteritis Affect Me?

- GCA can cause permanent vision loss or stroke due to loss of blood flow to the eye or brain.
- Double vision can also occur due to poor blood flow to the eye muscles.
- Severe cases of GCA may damage the blood vessels of the heart, chest, and abdomen.

 GCA is usually diagnosed based on symptoms, blood tests, and a temporal artery biopsy.



A swollen optic nerve due to GCA Courtesy of James C. O'Brien, M.D.

What Should I Do About Giant Cell Arteritis?

- A neuro-ophthalmologist performs a dilated eye exam. Additional diagnostic testing is often recommended.
- GCA is treated primarily with corticosteroids to suppress the immune system and inflammation.
- Patients should be seen regularly
 by their primary care physician or a rheumatologist (a specialist of inflammatory diseases).

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